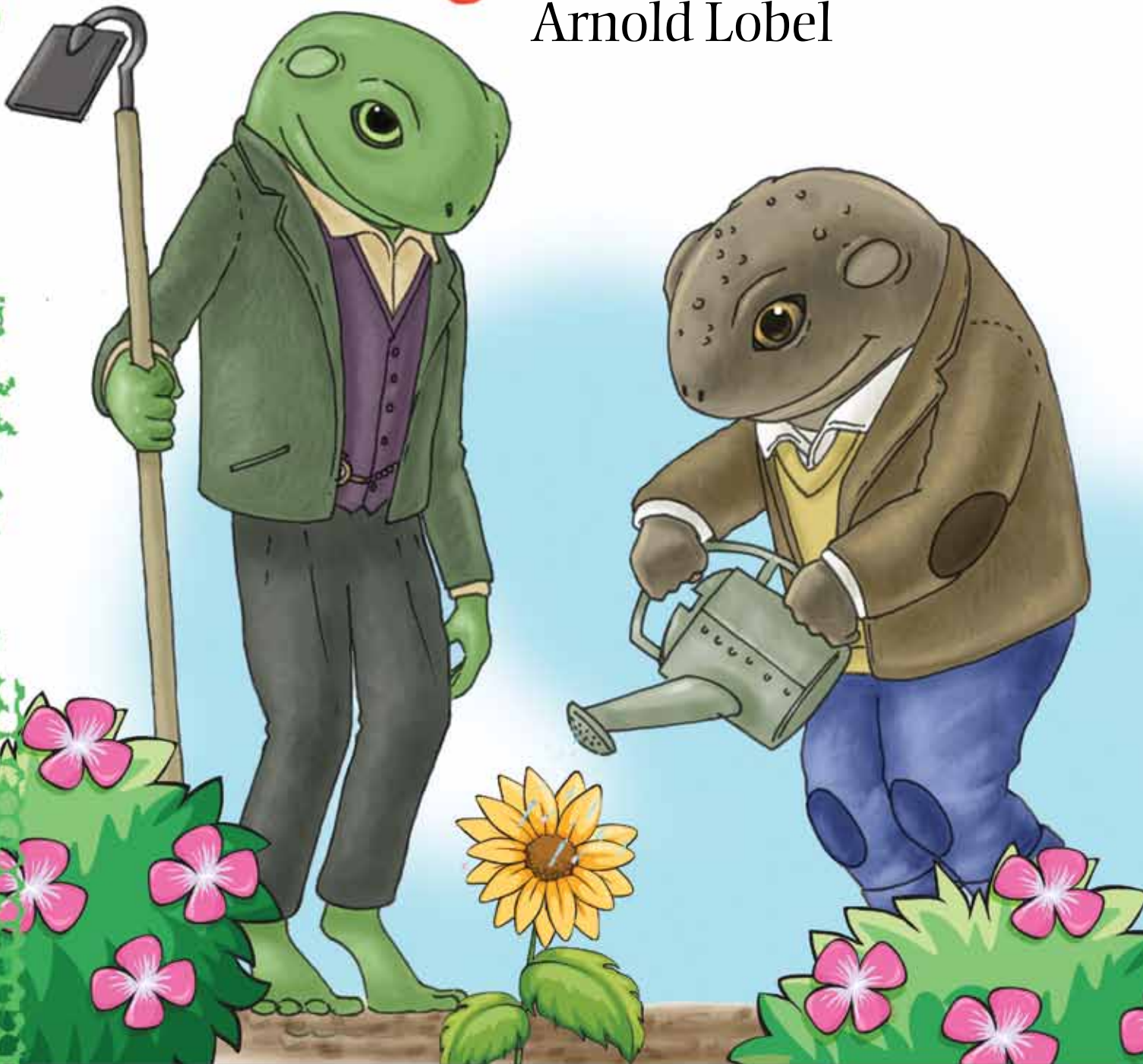


# Frog and Toad Together

Arnold Lobel



# Table of contents

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>How to Use This Literature Guide</b> .....              | 4  |
| Theme Thoughts .....                                       | 4  |
| Vocabulary .....   | 5  |
| Analyzing the Literature .....                             | 6  |
| Reader Response .....                                      | 6  |
| Guided Close Reading .....                                 | 6  |
| Making Connections .....                                   | 7  |
| Language Learning .....                                    | 7  |
| Story Elements .....                                       | 7  |
| Culminating Activity .....                                 | 8  |
| Comprehension Assessment .....                             | 8  |
| Response to Literature .....                               | 8  |
| <b>Correlation to the Standards</b> .....                  | 8  |
| Standards Correlation Chart .....                          | 9  |
| TESOL and WIDA Standards .....                             | 10 |
| <b>About the Author—Arnold Lobel</b> .....                 | 11 |
| Possible Texts for Text Comparisons .....                  | 11 |
| <b>Book Summary of <i>Frog and Toad Together</i></b> ..... | 12 |
| Cross-Curricular Connection .....                          | 12 |
| Possible Texts for Text Sets .....                         | 12 |
| <b>Pre-Reading Theme Thoughts</b> .....                    | 13 |
| <b>Teacher Plans—Section 1: “A List”</b> .....             | 14 |
| <b>Teacher Plans—Section 2: “The Garden”</b> .....         | 23 |
| <b>Teacher Plans—Section 3: “Cookies”</b> .....            | 32 |
| <b>Teacher Plans—Section 4: “Dragons and Giants”</b> ..... | 41 |
| <b>Teacher Plans—Section 5: “The Dream”</b> .....          | 50 |
| <b>Post-Reading Activities</b> .....                       | 59 |
| Post-Reading Theme Thoughts .....                          | 59 |
| Culminating Activity: Your Own Adventures! .....           | 60 |
| Comprehension Assessment .....                             | 64 |
| Response to Literature: Describing Friendship .....        | 66 |
| <b>Writing Paper</b> .....                                 | 69 |
| <b>Answer Key</b> .....                                    | 71 |

## How to Use This Literature Guide

Today's standards demand rigor and relevance in the reading of complex texts. The units in this series guide teachers in a rich and deep exploration of worthwhile works of literature for classroom study. The most rigorous instruction can also be interesting and engaging!

Many current strategies for effective literacy instruction have been incorporated into these instructional guides for literature. Throughout the units, text-dependent questions are used to determine comprehension of the book as well as student interpretation of the vocabulary words. The books chosen for the series are complex and are exemplars of carefully crafted works of literature. Close reading is used throughout the units to guide students toward revisiting the text and using textual evidence to respond to prompts orally and in writing. Students must analyze the story elements in multiple assignments for each section of the book. All of these strategies work together to rigorously guide students through their study of literature.

The next few pages will make clear how to use this guide for a purposeful and meaningful literature study. Each section of this guide is set up in the same way to make it easier for you to implement the instruction in your classroom.

## Theme Thoughts

The great works of literature used throughout this series have important themes that have been relevant to people for many years. Many of the themes will be discussed during the various sections of this instructional guide. However, it would also benefit students to have independent time to think about the key themes of the book.

Before students begin reading, have them complete the *Pre-Reading Theme Thoughts* (page 13). This graphic organizer will allow students to think about the themes outside the context of the story. They'll have the opportunity to evaluate statements based on important themes and defend their opinions. Be sure to keep students' papers for comparison to the *Post-Reading Theme Thoughts* (page 59). This graphic organizer is similar to the pre-reading activity. However, this time, students will be answering the questions from the point of view of one of the characters in the book. They have to think about how the character would feel about each statement and defend their thoughts. To conclude the activity, have students compare what they thought about the themes before the book to what the characters discovered during the story.



## How to Use This Literature Guide *(cont.)*

### Vocabulary

Each teacher reference vocabulary overview page has definitions and sentences about how key vocabulary words are used in the section. These words should be introduced and discussed with students. Students will use these words in different activities throughout the book.

On some of the vocabulary student pages, students are asked to answer text-related questions about vocabulary words from the sections. The following question stems will help you create your own vocabulary questions if you'd like to extend the discussion.

- How does this word describe \_\_\_\_\_'s character?
- How does this word connect to the problem in this story?
- How does this word help you understand the setting?
- Tell me how this word connects to the main idea of this story.
- What visual pictures does this word bring to your mind?
- Why do you think the author used this word?

At times, you may find that more work with the words will help students understand their meanings and importance. These quick vocabulary activities are a good way to further study the words.

- Students can play vocabulary concentration. Make one set of cards that have the words on them and another set with the definitions. Then, have students lay them out on the table and play concentration. The goal of the game is to match vocabulary words with their definitions. For early readers or English language learners, the sets of cards could be the words and pictures of the words.
- Students can create word journal entries about the words. Students choose words they think are important and then describe why they think each word is important within the book. Early readers or English language learners could instead draw pictures about the words in a journal.
- Students can create puppets and use them to act out the vocabulary words from the stories. Artwork of the characters is provided on pages 61–63. Students can use these images to retell the stories using the vocabulary words. Students may also enjoy using the artwork to tell their own character-driven stories using vocabulary words from the original stories.

## **How to Use This Literature Guide** *(cont.)*

### **Analyzing the Literature**

After you have read each section with students, hold a small-group or whole-class discussion. Provided on the teacher reference page for each section are leveled questions. The questions are written at two levels of complexity to allow you to decide which questions best meet the needs of your students. The Level 1 questions are typically less abstract than the Level 2 questions. These questions are focused on the various story elements, such as character, setting, and plot. Be sure to add further questions as your students discuss what they've read. For each question, a few key points are provided for your reference as you discuss the book with students.

### **Reader Response**

In today's classrooms, there are often great readers who are below average writers. So much time and energy is spent in classrooms getting students to read on grade level that little time is left to focus on writing skills. To help teachers include more writing in their daily literacy instruction, each section of this guide has a literature-based reader response prompt. Each of the three genres of writing is used in the reader responses within this guide: narrative, informative/explanatory, and opinion. Before students write, you may want to allow them time to draw pictures related to the topic. Book-themed writing paper is provided on pages 69–70 if your students need more space to write.

### **Guided Close Reading**

Within each section of this guide, it is suggested that you closely reread a portion of the text with your students. Page numbers are given, but since some versions of the books may have different page numbers, the sections to be reread are described by location as well. After rereading the section, there are a few text-dependent questions to be answered by students. A graphic organizer has been provided to help students prepare for the group discussion. They should record their thoughts and ideas on the graphic organizer and refer to it during your discussion. If your students are working above grade level, you may want to encourage them to respond to the questions in complete sentences.

Encourage students to read one question at a time and then go back to the text and discover the answer. Work with students to ensure that they use the text to determine their answers rather than making unsupported inferences. Suggested answers are provided in the answer key.

## How to Use This Literature Guide *(cont.)*

### Guided close Reading *(cont.)*

The generic open-ended stems below can be used to write your own text-dependent questions if you would like to give students more practice.

- What words in the story support . . . ?
- What text helps you understand . . . ?
- Use the book to tell why \_\_\_\_\_ happens.
- Based on the events in the story, . . . ?
- Show me the part in the text that supports . . . .
- Use the text to tell why . . . .

### Making connections

The activities in this section help students make cross-curricular connections to mathematics, science, social studies, fine arts, or other curricular areas. These activities require higher-order thinking skills from students but also allow for creative thinking.

### Language Learning

A special section has been set aside to connect the literature to language conventions. Through these activities, students will have opportunities to practice the conventions of standard English grammar, usage, capitalization, and punctuation.

### Story Elements

It is important to spend time discussing what the common story elements are in literature. Understanding the characters, setting, plot, and theme can increase students' comprehension and appreciation of the story. If teachers begin discussing these elements in early childhood, students will more likely internalize the concepts and look for the elements in their independent reading. Another very important reason for focusing on the story elements is that students will be better writers if they think about how the stories they read are constructed.

In the story elements activities, students are asked to create work related to the characters, setting, or plot. Consider having students complete only one of these activities. If you give students a choice on this assignment, each student can decide to complete the activity that most appeals to him or her. Different intelligences are used so that the activities are diverse and interesting to all students.

## **How to Use This Literature Guide** *(cont.)*

### **Culminating Activity**

At the end of this instructional guide is a creative culminating activity that allows students the opportunity to share what they've learned from reading the book. This activity is open ended so that students can push themselves to create their own great works within your language arts classroom.

### **Comprehension Assessment**

The questions in this section require students to think about the book they've read as well as the words that were used in the book. Some questions are tied to quotations from the book to engage students and require them to think about the text as they answer the questions.

### **Response to Literature**

Finally, students are asked to respond to the literature by drawing pictures and writing about the characters and stories. A suggested rubric is provided for teacher reference.

## **Correlation to the Standards**

Shell Education is committed to producing educational materials that are research and standards based. In this effort, we have correlated all of our products to the academic standards of all 50 United States, the District of Columbia, the Department of Defense Dependents Schools, and all Canadian provinces.

### **Purpose and Intent of Standards**

Standards are designed to focus instruction and guide adoption of curricula. Standards are statements that describe the criteria necessary for students to meet specific academic goals. They define the knowledge, skills, and content students should acquire at each level. Standards are also used to develop standardized tests to evaluate students' academic progress. Teachers are required to demonstrate how their lessons meet standards. Standards are used in the development of all of our products, so educators can be assured they meet high academic standards.

### **How To Find Standards correlations**

To print a customized correlation report of this product for your state, visit our website at <http://www.shelleducation.com> and follow the online directions. If you require assistance in printing correlation reports, please contact Customer Service at 1-877-777-3450.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Vocabulary Activity

**Directions:** Choose at least two words from the story. Draw a picture that shows what these words mean. Label your picture.

### Words from the Story

|       |             |          |        |          |
|-------|-------------|----------|--------|----------|
| frog  | toad        | together | list   | remember |
| piece | crossed out | knocked  | swamps | blowing  |

**Directions:** Answer this question.

1. Who loses his **list** in this story?

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